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Kokhan Diana Nikolayevna,

intensive process of decomposition in the soil of crude oil took place in chestnut soil with a pH of 7.2. The self-cleaning ability of soils in the event of contamination with crude oil, depending on pH, can be arranged in descending order:

Chestnut (pH 7.2)> gray-brown (pH8.2)> yellow earth (pH 5.9)

The data obtained give grounds to predict that in case of contamination of yellow earth soils, their self-purification capacity will be extremely insufficient and prompt action will be required to accelerate the natural self-purification processes of these soils in order to prevent the degradation of their physico-chemical and biological properties and their accelerated biorehabilitation using modern methods of remediation. In acidic yellow earth soils, this factor is crucial in the decomposition of petroleum and petroleum products. Therefore, to create a pH that is optimal for their biodegradation, acidic soils can be subjected to liming.

## NATURAL METHODS OF SURFACE RUNOFF TREATMENT

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The pollution of water bodies, from diffusion sources, is the crucial element in decreasing quality of water ecosystems. A surface runoff, from urbanized and agricultural areas, is a major issue in silting and pollution of water bodies. Solving this problem is not clear and easy because of specifics of surface runoff formation and entering the wastewater (storm or melt) to water bodies, and because formation of such kind of water has a huge difference from a municipal or production waste water.

The relevant issue for today is to develop methods of minimizing effects from surface runoff on water bodies and take into account factors of formation condition and climate change.

For today, natural methods of surface runoff treatment, with landscape and geographical conditions of water basin area considerations, are spreading around the world.

Short filtration dams, filled with crushed stone with moderate vegetation on a surface, are used for interception of pollution from surface runoff. The surface of filtration dam, with rubble and drainage for stormwater drain, is covered by vegetation. Several continuous dams are used for a most contaminated part of a surface runoff, each of them has their own purpose and it is increase the efficiency of stormwater treatment.

The use of "rain gardens" or bioswales (mulds) is one of the new approaches which solve the problem of surface runoff treatment. These constructions are small, compact, artificial depressions with various shapes and sizes, and similar to landscape design elements and therefore not very highlighted in the urbanized area. The method of surface water treatment, that we offer, has modified elements from "rain gardens" and aims to localize, detain and treat a surface runoff.

These constructions are located around the reservoir on the way of the surface runoff flow, then intercepts and treats due to natural biochemical processes in dams and bioswales itself, or transferred to the underground flow, where natural processes of groundwater treatment of contaminated waters also present. Using natural processes of soil filtration is a major point in these structures. Main advantages of these methods are small sizes (the possibility of designing and installing in to already built-up areas) and as a treatment system - the localization and reduction of the surface runoff flow (due to filtration) into the sewer drainage or water body.

The use of filtering nozzles from basalt crumb, limestone, wood sawdust and polyurethane granules, as additional elements of rainwater treatment, will improve the treatment process and the filtration rate in bioswales (mulds). Experimental tests have shown that the use of granules of polyurethane as a nozzle in stormwater treatment columns increase the treatment efficiency from suspended solids by 98%, COD by 83.5%, oils by 96%, and total dissolved solids (TDS) by 8.3%. A common sawdust use also shown significant results in treatment from organic compounds - 86% and oils - almost 99%.

Improvement of surface runoff treatment methods is an urgent issue, and it is aimed to reduce the negative impact of the environment and especially on water bodies.